

**TRANSMITTAL LETTER TO THE UNITED STATES
DESIGNATED/ELECTED OFFICE (DO/EO/US)
CONCERNING A FILING UNDER 35 U.S.C. 371**

ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER

SYL 531

U.S. APPLICATION NO. (If known, see 37 CFR 1.5)

09/937045INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO.
PCT/FR00/00697INTERNATIONAL FILING DATE
21 March 2000PRIORITY DATE CLAIMED
30 March 1999

TITLE OF INVENTION: DERIVATIVES OF 1,4-DIAZABICYCLO[3.2.2]NONANE-4-CARBOXYLATES AND -CARBOXAMIDES, THEIR PREPARATION AND THEIR THERAPEUTIC APPLICATION

APPLICANT(S) FOR DO/EO/US


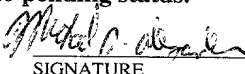
Thierry Gallet, Samir Jegham, Patrick Lardenois, Alistair Lohead and Alain Nedelec

Applicant herewith submits to the United States Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the following items and other information:

1. ☒ This is a **FIRST** submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.
2. ☐ This is a **SECOND or SUBSEQUENT** submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.
3. ☒ This express request to begin national examination procedures (35 U.S.C. 371(f)) at any time rather than delay examination until the expiration of the applicable time limit set in 35 U.S.C. 371(b) and PCT Articles 22 and 39(1)).
4. ☒ A proper Demand for International Preliminary Examination was made by the 19th month from the earliest claimed priority date.
5. ☒ A copy of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2))
 - a. ☐ is transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau).
 - b. ☒ has been transmitted by the International Bureau.
 - c. ☐ is not required, as the application was filed in the United States Receiving Office (RO/US).
6. ☒ An English language translation of the International Application.
7. ☒ Amendments to the claims of the International Application under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(3))
 - a. ☐ are transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau).
 - b. ☐ have been transmitted by the International Bureau.
 - c. ☐ have not been made; however, the time limit for making such amendments has NOT expired.
 - d. ☒ have not been made and will not be made.
8. ☐ An English language translation of the amendments to the claims under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(3)).
9. ☒ An executed oath or declaration of the inventor(s) (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(4)).
10. ☐ An English language translation of the annexes to the International Preliminary Examination Report under PCT Article 36 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(5)).

Items 11. to 16. below concern document(s) or information included:

11. ☐ An Information Disclosure Statement under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98.
12. ☒ An assignment document for recording. A separate cover sheet in compliance with 37 CFR 3.28 and 3.31 is included.
13. ☒ A FIRST preliminary amendment.
☐ A SECOND or SUBSEQUENT preliminary amendment.
14. ☐ A substitute specification.
15. ☐ A change of power of attorney and/or address letter.
16. ☒ Other items or information:
Citation of References
Information Disclosure Statement by Applicant (Form PTO-1449)

U.S. APPLICATION NO. (if known, see 37 CFR 1.5) 09/937045		INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO. PCT/FR00/00697		ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER SYL 531	
17. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> The following fees are submitted: BASIC NATIONAL FEE (37 CFR 1.492 (a)(1)-(5)): Neither international preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) nor international search fee (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2)) paid to USPTO and international Search Report not prepared by the EPO or JPO \$1000.00 International preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) not paid to USPTO but International Search Report prepared by the EPO or JPO \$860.00 International preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) not paid to USPTO but international search fee (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2)) paid to USPTO .. \$710.00 International preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) paid to USPTO but all claims did not satisfy provisions of PCT Article 33(1)-(4)..... \$690.00 International preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) paid to USPTO and all claims satisfy provisions of PCT Article 33(1)-(4) \$100.000 <div style="text-align: right;">ENTER APPROPRIATE BASIC FEE AMOUNT = \$ 860.00</div>				CALCULATIONS PTO USE ONLY	
Surcharge of \$130.00 for furnishing the oath or declaration later than [] 20 [] 30 months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492(e)).				\$	
CLAIMS	NUMBER FILED	NUMBER EXTRA	RATE		
Total claims	5 -20 =	0	x \$18.00	\$	
Independent claims	1 - 3 =	0	x \$80.00	\$	
MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIM(S) (if applicable)			+ \$270.00	\$	
TOTAL OF ABOVE CALCULATIONS =				\$ 860.00	
Reduction of 1/2 for filing by small entity, if applicable. Verified Small Entity Statement must also be filed (Note 37 CFR 1.9, 1.27, 1.28).				\$	
SUBTOTAL =				\$ 860.00	
Processing fee of \$130.00 for furnishing the English translation later than [] 20 [] 30 months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492 (f)).				\$	
TOTAL NATIONAL FEE =				\$ 860.00	
Fee for recording the enclosed assignment (37 CFR 1.21(h). The assignment must be accompanied by an appropriate cover sheet (37 CFR 3.28, 3.31). \$40.00 per property +				\$	
TOTAL FEES ENCLOSED =				\$ 860.00	
				Amount to be refunded:	\$
				Charged	\$860.00
a. <input type="checkbox"/> A check in the amount of \$_____ to cover the above fees is enclosed. b. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Please charge my Deposit Account No. <u>19-0091</u> in the amount of \$860.00 to cover the above fees. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed. c. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any additional fees which may be required, or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. <u>19-0091</u> . A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.					
NOTE: Where an appropriate time limit under 37 CFR 1.494 or 1.495 has not been met, a petition to revive (37 CFR 1.137(a) or (b)) must be filed and granted to restore the application to pending status.					
SEND ALL CORRESPONDENCE TO:					
Patent Department Sanofi-Synthelabo Inc. 9 Great Valley Parkway P.O. Box 3026 Malvern, PA 19355 Facsimile: (610) 889-8799		 27546 <small>PATENT TRADEMARK OFFICE</small>		<div style="text-align: center;">  SIGNATURE Michael D. Alexander NAME 36,080 REGISTRATION NUMBER (610) 889-8802 TELEPHONE NUMBER </div> <div style="text-align: right;"> 9/20/2001 DATE </div>	

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE 09/937045

Filing under 35 U.S.C. § 371
Corresponding to International
Application No.: PCT/FR00/00697

Applicants: Thierry Gallet, Samir Jegham, Patrick
Lardenois, Alistair Lohead and Alain Nedelec

International Filing Date: 21 March 2000

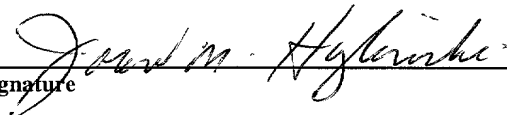
For: DERIVATIVES OF 1,4-
DIAZABICYCLO[3.2.2]NONANE-4-
CARBOXYLATES AND -CARBOXAMIDES,
THEIR PREPARATION AND THEIR
THERAPEUTIC APPLICATION

CERTIFICATE UNDER 37 C.F.R. 1.10

Express Mail Label Number: EL676470751US

Date of Deposit: September 20, 2001

I hereby certify that this paper is being deposited with the
United States Postal Service "Express Mail Post Office to
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EO/US, Washington, DC 20231.


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Commissioner for Patents
Box PCT
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Washington, D.C. 20231

Dear Sir:

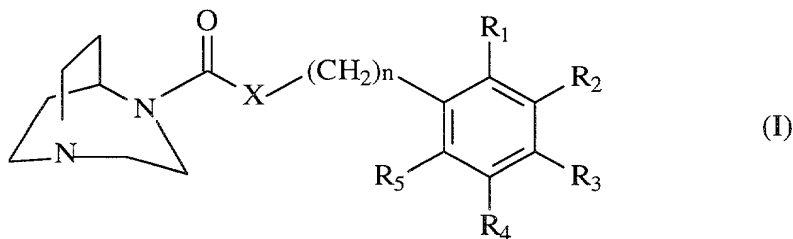
PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

Please amend the above-identified application as follows:

In the Claims:

Please amend claims 1 and 3, cancel claim 2, and add new claims 4-6 as follows before
calculating the filing fee for the above-identified application.

1. (amended) A compound corresponding to the general formula (I)



in which

X represents an oxygen atom or a group of formula NZ in which Z represents a hydrogen atom or a (C₁-C₆)alkyl group,

n represents a number 0, 1 or 2, and

R₁, R₂, R₃, R₄ and R₅ each represent, independently of each other, a hydrogen or halogen atom or a trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, cyano, hydroxyl, (C₁-C₆)alkyl, (C₁-C₆)alkoxy, phenoxy or phenyl group optionally substituted with a halogen atom or a trifluoromethyl, cyano, hydroxyl, (C₁-C₆)alkyl or (C₁-C₆)alkoxy group, or alternatively R₂ and R₃ together form a group of formula -OCH₂O- or -CH₂CH₂CH₂CH₂-, in the form of a base or of an addition salt with an acid.

3. (amended) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound according to Claim 1, combined with an excipient.

Please cancel claim 2.

Please add the following new claims:

4. (added) A compound according to claim 1 wherein X is O, NH or NHCH₃; n is 0 or 1; R₁ is hydrogen, bromo, methyl or methoxy; R₂ is hydrogen, methyl, methoxy, trifluoromethyl, fluoro or chloro; R₃ is chloro, bromo, methyl, methoxy, nitro, fluoro, hydrogen, phenyl, trifluoromethoxy or phenoxy; or R₂ and R₃ together form a group of the formula -OCH₂O- or -CH₂CH₂CH₂CH₂-; R₄ is hydrogen; and R₅ is hydrogen or methoxy; in the form of a base or of an addition salt with an acid.

5. (added) A method for the treatment or prevention of disorders linked to nicotinic receptor dysfunction which comprises administering to a patient in need of such treatment an effective amount of a compound according to claim 1.

6. (added) A method for the treatment or prevention of disorders linked to nicotinic receptor dysfunction which comprises administering to a patient in need of such treatment an effective amount of a compound according to claim 4.

REMARKS

Claims 1 and 3 have been amended in order to write these claims in the appropriate U.S. claim format.

Claim 2 has been canceled.


Claims 4-6 have been added by the foregoing amendments. Support for claim 4 occurs, for example, at page 9 of the specification. Support for claims 5-6 occurs, for example, at page 12, lines 1-3 of the specification.

Claims 1 and 3-6 remain in the application.

Attached hereto is a marked-up version of the changes made to the claims by the instant amendment. The marked-up version is entitled "Version With Markings To Show Changes Made".

Respectfully submitted,

Date: September 26, 2001


Michael D. Alexander
Reg. No. 36,080

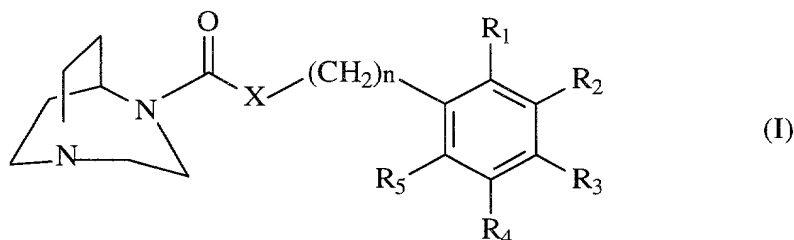
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JC16 Rec'd PCT/PTO SEP 20 2001

Version With Markings to Show Changes MadeIn the Claims:

Claims 1 and 3 have been amended as follows:

1. (amended) A compound ~~Compound~~ corresponding to the general formula (I)



in which

X represents an oxygen atom or a group of formula NZ in which Z represents a hydrogen atom or a (C₁-C₆)alkyl group,

n represents a number 0, 1 or 2, and

R₁, R₂, R₃, R₄ and R₅ each represent, independently of each other, a hydrogen or halogen atom or a trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, cyano, hydroxyl, (C₁-C₆)alkyl, (C₁-C₆)alkoxy, phenoxy or phenyl group optionally substituted with a halogen atom or a trifluoromethyl, cyano, hydroxyl, (C₁-C₆)alkyl or (C₁-C₆)alkoxy group, or alternatively R₂ and R₃ together form a group of formula -OCH₂O- or -CH₂CH₂CH₂CH₂-, in the form of a base or of an addition salt with an acid.

3. (amended) A pharmaceutical ~~Pharmaceutical~~ composition, ~~characterized in that it contains~~ comprising a compound according to Claim 1, combined with an excipient.

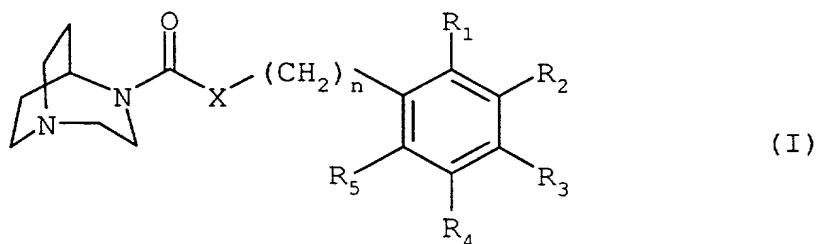
Claim 2 has been canceled.

Claims 4-6 have been added.

1

Derivatives of 1,4-diazabicyclo[3.2.2]nonane-4-
carboxylates and -carboxamides, their preparation and
their therapeutic application.

5 The subject of the present invention is
compounds of general formula (I)



10 in which

X represents an oxygen atom or a group of formula NZ in
which Z represents a hydrogen atom or a (C₁-C₆)alkyl
group,

15 n represents a number 0, 1 or 2, and

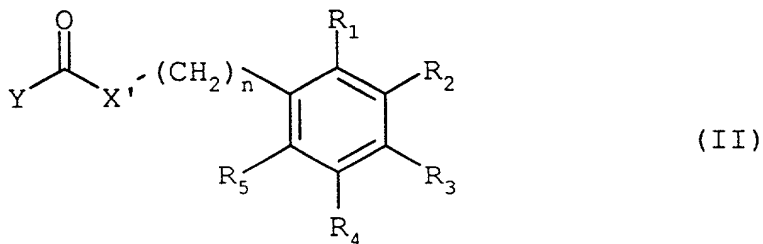
R₁, R₂, R₃, R₄ and R₅ each represent, independently of
each other, a hydrogen or halogen atom or a
trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, cyano, hydroxyl,
(C₁-C₆)alkyl, (C₁-C₆)alkoxy, phenoxy or phenyl group

20 optionally substituted with a halogen atom or a
trifluoromethyl, cyano, hydroxyl, (C₁-C₆)alkyl or
(C₁-C₆)alkoxy group, or alternatively R₂ and R₃ together
form a group of formula -OCH₂O- or -CH₂CH₂CH₂CH₂-.

The compounds of the invention may exist in
25 the form of bases or of addition salts with acids.

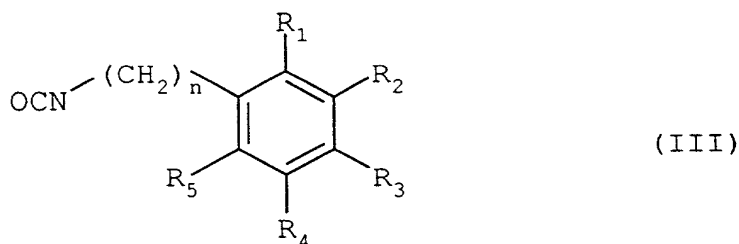
To prepare the compounds of general formula

(I), 1,4-diazabicyclo[3.2.2]nonane may be reacted with a compound of general formula (II)



in which n , R_1 , R_2 , R_3 , R_4 and R_5 are as defined above,
 X' represents an oxygen atom or a group of formula
 10 N-alkyl and Y represents a halogen atom, in the
 presence of a base such as triethylamine or pyridine.

To prepare the compounds of general formula
 (I) in which X represents an NH group, it is possible
 to react 1,4-diazabicyclo[3.2.2]nonane with an
 15 isocyanate of general formula (III)



20 in which n , R_1 , R_2 , R_3 , R_4 and R_5 are as defined above,
 under conditions identical to those described above.

1,4-Diazabicyclo[3.2.2]nonane is described in
J. Med. Chem. (1993) **36** 2311-2320.

25 The compounds of general formulae (II) and
 (III) are commercially available or may be prepared

according to any known methods.

The examples which follow illustrate the preparation of a few compounds of the invention. The elemental microanalyses, and the IR and NMR spectra
5 confirm the structures of the compounds obtained. The numbers indicated in brackets in the titles of the examples correspond to those of the 1st column of the table given later.

In the names of the compounds, the hyphen "-"
10 is part of the word, and the underscore "_" serves only for the break at the end of the line; it should be removed in the absence of a break, and should not be replaced either by a normal hyphen or by a space.

15 Example 1 (Compound No. 2).

4-Bromophenyl 1,4-diazabicyclo[3.2.2]nonane-4-carboxylate.

0.379 g (3.0 mmol) of 1,4-diazabicyclo[3.2.2]nonane and 0.84 ml (6.0 mmol) of
20 triethylamine in 5 ml of dichloromethane are introduced into a 50-ml three-necked flask, the mixture is cooled to 0°C, 0.730 mg (3.1 mmol) of 4-bromophenyl chloroformate in solution in 3 ml of dichloromethane is added dropwise and the stirring is maintained at 0°C
25 for 10 min.

The reaction medium is washed with water, the

aqueous phase is washed twice with dichloromethane, the combined organic phases are washed with a saturated aqueous sodium chloride solution, dried and the solvent is evaporated off under reduced pressure. The residue
5 obtained is purified by silica gel chromatography, eluting with a 95/5/0.5 mixture of chloroform, methanol and aqueous ammonia. A crude product is obtained which is triturated in diisopropyl ether.

0.77 g of pure product is thus obtained in
10 the form of a white solid.
Melting point : 115-116°C.

Example 2 (Compound No. 8)

N-Phenyl-1,4-diazabicyclo[3.2.2]nonane-4-carboxamide
15 hydrobromide (1:1).

0.378 g (3.0 mmol) of 1,4-diazabicyclo[3.2.2]nonane in solution in 10 ml of acetonitrile is introduced into a 25-ml three-necked flask, a solution of 0.358 g (3.0 mmol) of
20 isocyanatobenzene in 2 ml of acetonitrile is added at 3°C and the reaction medium is stirred for 10 min at room temperature.

The solvent is evaporated off under reduced pressure in order to obtain a solid which is dissolved
25 in 30 ml of ethanol and which is treated with 0.53 ml of a 5.7 M hydrobromic acid solution in acetic acid at

50°C. The precipitate which forms is filtered and it is washed twice with ethanol.

0.649 g of product is thus obtained in the form of a white solid.

5 Melting point : 229-231°C.

Example 3 (Compound No. 10).

N-Methyl-*N*-phenyl-1,4-diazabicyclo[3.2.2]nonane-4-carboxamide hydrobromide (1:1).

10 0.69 ml (1.31 mmol) of a 20% solution of phosgene in toluene diluted by addition of 4 ml of toluene is introduced into a 25-ml three-necked flask (1.31 mmol) and the solution is cooled to 0°C. A solution of 0.127 g (1.12 mmol) of *N*-methylaniline and
15 0.11 ml of pyridine in 4 ml of toluene is added over 10 min and the mixture is kept magnetically stirred for 30 min at 0°C.

10 ml of ice-cold water are added and the organic phase is separated. In a 25-ml three-necked
20 flask, this solution is poured over a suspension containing 0.15 g (1.12 mmol) of 1,4-diazabicyclo[3.2.2]nonane in 0.11 ml of pyridine and the mixture is stirred for 30 min.

10 ml of chloroform are added, the solution
25 obtained is washed with 15 ml of a 1 M aqueous sodium hydroxide solution, the solvent is evaporated off and

the residue is purified by silica gel chromatography, eluting with a 95/5/0.5 mixture of chloroform, methanol and diethylamine.

0.31 g of product is obtained which is taken
5 up in 5 ml of ethanol, 0.109 ml of an aqueous hydrobromic acid solution is added, the medium is diluted with addition of 5 ml of diisopropyl ether and the precipitate is recovered by filtration.

0.387 g of product is thus obtained in the
10 form of a white solid.
Melting point : 292-293°C.

Example 4 (Compound No. 11).

[1,1'-Biphenyl-4-yl] 1,4-diazabicyclo[3.2.2]nonane-4-
15 carboxylate hydrobromide (1:1).

4.1. [1,1'-Biphenyl-4-yl] chloroformate.

Preparation according to the method described in *Bull. Soc. Chim. Fr.* (1967).

20 2.00 g (11.75 mmol) of [1,1'-biphenyl]-4-ol in suspension in 50 ml of dichloromethane are introduced into a 50-ml three-necked flask, 0.47 g (11.75 mmol) of 60% sodium hydride in mineral oil is added portionwise, and the solvent is evaporated off
25 under reduced pressure. A white solid is obtained which is added over 1 h to 6.84 ml (12.92 mmol) of a 20%

solution of phosgene in toluene at 30°C and left in contact for 3 h.

The solvent is evaporated off under reduced pressure, the residue is triturated in petroleum ether, filtered to remove the minerals and the solvent is evaporated off under reduced pressure.

0.89 g of crude product is thus obtained.
Melting point : 36°C.

10 4.2. [1,1'-Biphenyl-4-yl] 1,4-diazabicyclo[3.2.2]nonane-4-carboxylate hydrobromide (1:1).

0.15 g (1.19 mmol) of 1,4-diazabicyclo[3.2.2]nonane and 0.33 ml (2.38 mmol) of triethylamine in solution in 10 ml of chloroform are introduced into a 50-ml three-necked flask, the mixture is cooled to 0°C and then the chloroformate previously obtained in solution in 10 ml of chloroform is added over 10 min. The mixture is stirred at 0°C for 10 min before allowing the temperature to rise to ambient temperature and it is left at room temperature for 18 h.

15 ml of 1 M sodium hydroxide are added and the mixture is extracted with chloroform. The solvent is evaporated off under reduced pressure and the residue obtained is purified by silica gel

chromatography, eluting with a 98/2/0.2 and then 96/4/0.4 mixture of chloroform, methanol and diethylamine.

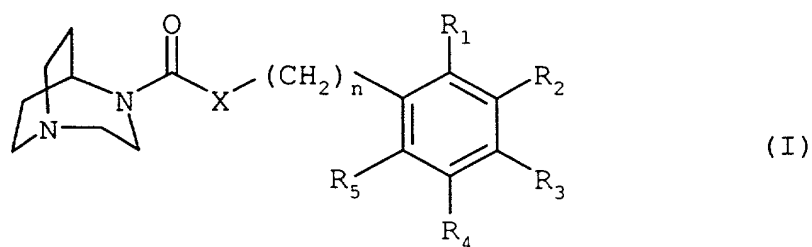
0.31 g of product is obtained which is
5 dissolved in 5 ml of ethanol, the solution is treated with 0.109 ml (0.96 mmol) of an aqueous hydrobromic acid solution, 5 ml of diisopropyl ether are added and the precipitate is filtered.

0.387 g of product is thus obtained in the
10 form of a white solid.
Melting point : 292-293°C.

The table which follows illustrates the
chemical structures and the physical properties of some
15 compounds of the invention.

In the "Salt" column, "-" denotes a compound in the form of a base, "HBr" denotes a hydrobromide and "ox" denotes an oxalate, or ethanedioate; the acid:base molar ratio is indicated adjacent thereto.

Table



No.	X	n	R ₁	R ₂	R ₃	R ₄	R ₅	Salt	m.p. (°C)
1	O	0	H	H	Cl	H	H	-	109-110
2	O	0	H	H	Br	H	H	-	115-116
3	O	0	H	H	CH ₃	H	H	-	92-93
4	O	0	H	H	OCH ₃	H	H	-	83.5
5	O	0	H	H	H	H	H	HBr 1:1	239-240
6	O	0	H	H	NO ₂	H	H	-	98
7	O	0	H	H	F	H	H	-	66-68
8	NH	0	H	H	H	H	H	HBr 1:1	229-231
9	O	1	H	H	H	H	H	HBr 1:1	175.5-176
10	NCH ₃	0	H	H	H	H	H	HBr 1:1	206-207
11	O	0	H	H	C ₆ H ₅	H	H	HBr 1:1	292-293
12	O	0	Br	H	H	H	H	-	87-88
13	O	0	CH ₃	H	H	H	H	ox 1:1	164-166
14	O	0	H	CH ₃	H	H	H	ox 1:1	164-166
15	O	0	H	OCH ₃	H	H	H	ox 1:1	152-154
16	O	0	H	CF ₃	H	H	H	ox 1:1	95-96
17	O	0	H	OCH ₂ O		H	H	-	123-124
18	O	0	OCH ₃	H	H	H	OCH ₃	-	130-131
19	O	0	H	F	F	H	H	ox 1:1	171-173
20	O	0	H	Cl	Cl	H	H	ox 1:1	174-178
21	O	0	H	H	OCF ₃	H	H	ox 1:1	204-205
22	O	0	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂		H	H	ox 1:1	202-203
23	O	0	H	H	OC ₆ H ₅	H	H	-	107-108

The compounds of the invention were the subject of trials which demonstrated their therapeutic properties.

The compounds of the invention were also
5 studied in relation to their affinity towards the nicotinic receptors containing the $\alpha 7$ subunit, according to the methods described by Marks and Collins, *J. Pharmacol. Exp. Ther.* (1982) **22** 554 and Marks et al., *Mol. Pharmacol.* (1986) **30** 427.

10 150- to 200-g male rats are decapitated, the whole brain is rapidly collected, homogenized with the aid of a Polytron™ grinder in 15 volumes of a 0.32 M sucrose solution, and then it is centrifuged at 1000 g for 10 min. The pellet is removed and the supernatant
15 is centrifuged at 8000 g for 20 min at 4°C. The pellet is recovered and homogenized with the aid of a Polytron™ grinder in 15 volumes of double-distilled water at 4°C, and then it is centrifuged at 8000 g for 20 min. The pellet is removed and the supernatant and
20 the buffy coat are centrifuged at 40,000 g for 20 min. The pellet is recovered, it is resuspended with 15 volumes of double-distilled water at 4°C and it is again centrifuged once at 40,000 g for 20 min before being stored at -80°C.

25 On the day of the experiment, the tissue is thawed slowly and it is suspended in 5 volumes of

buffer. 150 μ l of this membrane suspension are preincubated at 37°C for 30 min, in the dark, in the presence or absence of the test compound. The membranes are then incubated for 60 min at 37°C, in the dark, in the presence of 50 μ l of 1 nM [3 H] α -bungarotoxin in a final volume of 250 μ l of 20 mM HEPES buffer containing 0.05% of polyethylenimine. The reaction is stopped by filtration on Whatman GF/C™ filters previously treated for 3 hours with 0.5% polyethylenimine. The filters are rinsed with twice 5 ml of buffer at 4°C, and the radioactivity retained on each filter is measured by liquid scintigraphy. The non-specific binding is determined in the presence of α -bungarotoxin at 1 μ M final; the non-specific binding represents about 60% of the total binding recovered on the filter. For each concentration of compound studied, the percentage inhibition of the specific binding of [3 H] α -bungarotoxin is determined and then the IC₅₀, the concentration of compound which inhibits the specific binding by 50%, is calculated.

The IC₅₀ values for the compounds of the invention which have the highest affinity are between 0.04 and 0.5 μ M.

The results of the preceding trials show that the compounds of the invention are ligands for the α_7 subunits of the nicotinic receptor.

These results suggest the use of the compounds in the treatment or prevention of disorders linked to nicotinic receptor dysfunction, in particular at the level of the central nervous system or of the gastrointestinal system.

At the level of the central nervous system, these disorders comprise cognitive impairments, more particularly memory impairments, but also attention impairments, linked to Alzheimer's disease, to pathological ageing (Age Associated Memory Impairment, AAMI), to Parkinson's syndrome, to trisomy 21 (Down's syndrome), to Korsakoff's alcoholic syndrome, to vascular dementia (multi-infarct dementia, MID).

The compounds of the invention could also be useful in the treatment of the motor disorders observed in Parkinson's disease or other neurological diseases such as Huntington's chorea, Tourette's syndrome, tardive dyskinesia and hyperkinesia.

The compounds of the invention may also constitute a curative or symptomatic treatment of cerebrovascular accidents and of cerebral hypoxic episodes.

They may be used in the case of psychiatric pathologies : schizophrenia, depression, anxiety, panic attacks or obsessive-compulsive behaviour.

They can prevent the symptoms due to

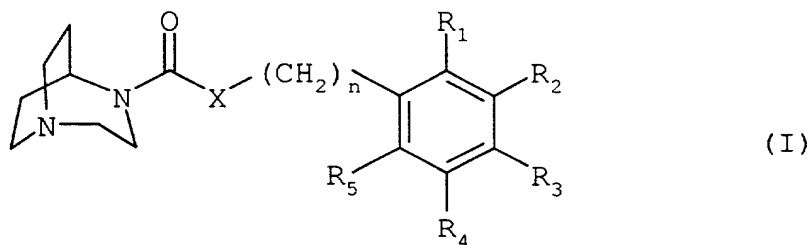
withdrawal from tobacco, from alcohol and from various substances which induce dependence, such as cocaine, LSD, cannabis, benzodiazepines.

At the level of the gastrointestinal system,
5 the compounds of the invention could be useful in the treatment of Crohn's disease, ulcerative colitis, irritable bowel syndrome and obesity.

To this end, the compounds of the invention may be provided in any forms of compositions
10 appropriate for enteral, parenteral or transdermal administration, such as tablets, sugar-coated tablets, hard gelatine capsules, soft gelatine capsules, oral or injectable suspensions or solutions such as syrups or ampoules, transdermal patches and the like, combined
15 with suitable excipients, and containing doses to allow a daily administration of 0.01 to 20 mg/kg.

CLAIMS

1. Compound corresponding to the general formula (I)



10 in which

X represents an oxygen atom or a group of formula NZ in which Z represents a hydrogen atom or a (C₁-C₆)alkyl group,

n represents a number 0, 1 or 2, and

15 R₁, R₂, R₃, R₄ and R₅ each represent, independently of each other, a hydrogen or halogen atom or a trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, cyano, hydroxyl, (C₁-C₆)alkyl, (C₁-C₆)alkoxy, phenoxy or phenyl group optionally substituted with a halogen atom or a

20 trifluoromethyl, cyano, hydroxyl, (C₁-C₆)alkyl or (C₁-C₆)alkoxy group, or alternatively R₂ and R₃ together form a group of formula -OCH₂O- or -CH₂CH₂CH₂CH₂-, in the form of a base or of an addition salt with an acid.

25 2. Medicament, characterized in that it consists of a compound according to Claim 1.

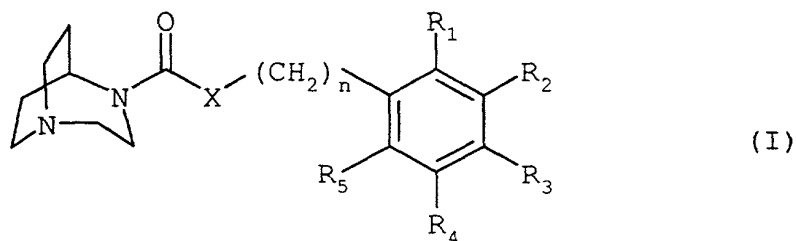
3. Pharmaceutical composition,
characterized in that it contains a compound according
to Claim 1, combined with an excipient.

DERIVATIVES OF 1,4-DIAZABICYCLO[3.2.2]NONANE-4-CARBOXYLATES AND -CARBOXAMIDES, THEIR PREPARATION AND THEIR THERAPEUTIC APPLICATION

SANOFI-SYNTHÉLABO

ABSTRACT

Compounds of general formula



in which X represents an oxygen atom or a group of formula NZ in which Z represents a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group, n represents a number 0, 1 or 2, and R_1 , R_2 , R_3 , R_4 and R_5 each represent a hydrogen or halogen atom or a trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, cyano, hydroxyl, alkyl, alkoxy, phenoxy or phenyl group optionally substituted with a halogen atom or a trifluoromethyl, cyano, hydroxyl, alkyl or alkoxy group, or alternatively R_2 and R_3 together form a group of formula $-OCH_2O-$ or $-CH_2CH_2CH_2CH_2-$.
Application in therapy.

X Original Supplemental Substitute

My residence, citizenship and mailing address are given below under my name.

DERIVATIVES OF 1,4-DIAZABICYCLO[3.2.2]NONANE-4-CARBOXYLATES AND -CARBOXAMIDES, THEIR PREPARATION AND THEIR THERAPEUTIC APPLICATION

_____ is attached hereto.

X was filed on 21 March 2000 as PCT International
Application No. PCT/FR00/00697
and was amended on _____ (if applicable)

I/We acknowledge the duty to disclose to the United States Patent and Trademark Office all information known to me/us to be material to patentability as defined in Section 1.56 of Title 37 of the Code of Federal Regulations, including for continuation-in-part applications, material information which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of the continuation-in-part application.

Country	Number	Filing Date	Priority Claimed	
			Yes	No
FR	9903934	30 March 1999	X	

I/We hereby claim benefit under Section 119(e) of Title 35 of the United States Code of any United States provisional application(s) identified below:

Application No.

Filing Date

I/We hereby claim benefit under Section 120 of Title 35 of the United States Code of any United States application(s) or PCT international application(s) designating the United States identified below:

Application Serial No.

Filing Date

Status

2 I/We hereby appoint Michael D. Alexander, Reg. No. 36,080; and Paul E. Dupont, Reg. No. 27,438, or any of them my/our attorneys or agents with full power of substitution and revocation to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the United States Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith.

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I/We hereby declare that all statements made herein and in the above-identified application of my/our own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

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